

ADMISSION TEST 2011: GEOGRAPHY
Model Questions

Syllabus: Plus 2 Level –

- (a) for students with Geography: Physical geography, Human geography, Economic geography, Regional Geography (India & World), Practical geography, General Science, and Elementary Mathematics
- (b) for students without Geography in HS: General Information about Earth, India and World, Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics, Life Science, and EV

A. Objective Type (Full Marks = 50)

Compulsory (Full Marks = 30)

1. On the given outline map (রেখা মানচিত্রে) of India, mark, shade and name the following (চিহ্নিত করো /শেড দাও এবং নাম লেখ) —
A mountain gap (গিরি -ফাঁক) in south India, The Siwalik mountain range (শিবালিক পর্বত শ্রেণী), Areas affected by Nor' Wester (কালবৈশাখী অধুষিত অঞ্চল), The Ganga - Yamuna doab (গঙ্গা - যমুনা দোয়াব), Tea producing region, Area under Monsoon forest, The Assam valley, The region, called the *mineral reserve* (খনিজভান্ডার) of India.
2. At the winter solstice (মকরসংক্রান্তি), the altitude (উচ্চতা) of the noon sun (দুপুরসূর্য) at $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ S is _____ $^{\circ}$.
3. If at A (20° E, 20° S) the local time (স্থানীয় সময়) is 10:00 a.m., at B (20° E, 20° N) it will be _____
4. Place where sun shines vertically twice a year: *Kolkata / Karachi / Kathmandu*
5. Relative Humidity of the *ascending air* decreases. *True / False*.
6. The value of $\cos^2 45 - \sin^2 15 =$ _____, and if $\sin^2 x + \sin x - 2 = 0$, $x =$ _____ $^{\circ}$.
7. A vehicle moving with a speed of 72 km / hour covers (অতিক্রম করে) a distance of _____ m in 1 sec.

Any 10Q from the following (example) (Full Marks = 20)

8. Interlocking spurs (শৃঙ্খলিত শৈলশিরা) are found in the *upper / middle / lower* course of a river
9. *Nimbostratus / Cumulus / Cirrus* is a rain bearing (বৃষ্টিবাহী) cloud.
10. *Basket of eggs* topography (ভূমিরূপ) is associated with: *glacier / wind / deltaic rivers*
11. Man-land ratio is very low in: *extensive commercial* (বাণিজ্যিক কৃষি) / *plantation* (বাগিচাকৃষি) / *intensive subsistence farming* (নিবিড়জীবিকাসম্প্রদায়িক কৃষি).
12. Tick the correct match: *millet*s – *kharif / cotton* – *rabi / maize* – *rabi*
13. Transhumance (ঋতুভেদে স্থানপরিবর্তন) is practiced by: *Guddies & Gujjars / Santals & Bhils / Birhores & Nagas*
14. A satellite revolves round the earth in a circular orbit; find the work done by it. _____
15. Electromagnetic waves (তড়িৎচুম্বকীয় তরঙ্গ) are transverse (আড়াআড়ি / তির্যক) waves. *True / False*
16. *Citric / Carbonic / Acetic acid* is used for food preservation (খাদ্য সংরক্ষণ).
17. Bio-diversity (জীববৈচিত্র্য) is greatest (সর্বোচ্চ) in *equatorial rainforests / high mountains / deep oceans*.
18. If ratio between the length of a pole and its shadow is $1 : \sqrt{3}$, the elevation of sun = _____ $^{\circ}$
19. If AB is a fixed line, state the locus (সঞ্চারণ পথ) of P so that $AB^2 = AP^2 + BP^2$. _____
20. If the weights of two bodies are 2.0N and 2 kgf respectively, their masses are _____ and _____

B. Short Answer Type: (Full Marks = 50)

Compulsory (to be answered in English; Full Marks = 10)

1. What are the present career options (বিভিন্ন বৃত্তি) of a geography graduate and which one will you choose and why (কোনটা ভূমি নেবে এবং কেন)?
2. Give reasons for sharp rise (অতি দ্রুত বৃদ্ধি) in world human population (পৃথিবীর জনসংখ্যা).

Any 4Q from the following (example) (Full Marks = 40)

3. Why is the rainforest (বৃষ্টিঅরণ্য) so named?
4. Most of the hot deserts (উষ্ণমরু) are located on the western part of the continents (মহাদেশ). Why?
5. Give reasons — iron (লোহা) is not extracted (নিষ্কাশিত) by electrolysis (তড়িৎবিশ্লেষণ) of its oxides, but aluminium is.
6. The base (ভূমি) of a right angled (লম্ব) pyramid is a regular hexagon (ষড়ভুজ) whose area is $24\sqrt{3}$ sq cm. If the area of a side face (পার্শ্বতল) is $4\sqrt{6}$ sq cm, what is its volume (আয়তন)?